



# Application Note

## AN\_406

# MCCI-USB DataPump Virtual Ethernet Protocol User Guide

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This user guide describes the portions of the MCCI Virtual Ethernet Protocol Library that are visible to an external client. As such, it serves as a Library User's Guide.

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## 1 Introduction

The MCCI USB DataPump® product is a portable firmware framework for developing USB-enabled devices. As part of the DataPump, MCCI provides a portable, generic implementation of an Ethernet NIC interface that uses the USB Device Working Group CDC Ethernet or Microsoft Remote NDIS protocols. We present the programming information for integrating this support into user's firmware, to create a USB device that presents an Ethernet interface to the host PC.

The host software issues are not discussed here. Since, the MCCI implementation complies with the CDC Ethernet and Microsoft RNDIS standard, most operating system host drivers will work directly with MCCI's implementation. For information on Microsoft Windows support for CDC Ethernet, please refer to Microsoft USB CDC Ethernet FAQ [WINUSBFAQ].

### 1.1 Overview

The MCCI Virtual Ethernet Protocol Library in conjunction with MCCI CDC Ethernet and/or MCCI RNDIS Protocol Libraries, and the MCCI USB DataPump, provides a straightforward, portable environment for implementing Ethernet devices over USB using the USB CDC Ethernet or Microsoft RNDIS protocol. The MCCI Virtual Ethernet Protocol Library can be used to create a stand-alone device, or can be combined with other MCCI- and/or user-provided protocols to create multi-function devices.

This document describes the portions of the MCCI Virtual Ethernet Protocol Library that are visible to an external client. As such, it serves as a Library User's Guide. It is not intended to serve as a stand-alone reference, but should be used in conjunction with the [AN 402 MCCI USB DataPump UserGuide](#) and Microsoft RNDIS Specifications. The purpose of the Virtual Ethernet Protocol Library is to encapsulate the issues regarding USB transactions so that the user can concentrate on the Ethernet portions of a target device.

### 1.2 Initialization and Setup

When using the DataPump Virtual Ethernet Protocol, the final application consists of two distinct parts. The first part is provided by MCCI and consists of the MCCI USB DataPump libraries, MCCI CDC Ethernet and/or MCCI RNDIS Protocol Libraries and specifically, the MCCI USB Virtual Ethernet. This document uses the name **Protocol** to refer collectively to these components. The second part is provided by the developer and consists of application and device specific modules. This document uses the name **Client** to refer to these components.

#### 1.2.1 Protocol Library Initialization

The Protocol Library code parses the device descriptors, and creates Protocol Instances for each supported Ethernet Class function. The Protocol CDC Ethernet Class functions are represented by an interface descriptor with bInterfaceClass 0x02, bInterfaceProtocol 0x00, and bSubClass 0x06. These codes indicate to the library:

- that the interface represents a CDC Class device (bInterfaceClass 0x02),
- that the command set for the interface is Ethernet (bInterfaceProtocol 0x00), and

Each such interface must also supply 2 bulk and 1 interrupt EP. The following fragment of USBRC code shows how this might be coded:

```
interface 0
{
  class 0x02          # Communication class
  subclass 0x02      # Abstract Control
  protocol 0xFF      # vendor-specific
  name S_RNDISCOMMIFC # string

  private-descriptors
  {
    # CDC HEADER functional descriptor
    raw {
      0x24          # interface
      0             # functional descriptor
      word(0x120) # CDC
                  # version 1.2
    };

    raw {
      0x24 #CS_INTERFACE
      0x01 #call management.
      0x00 # no call management internal
      0x01 # interface # of DataClass interface
    };

    raw {
      0x24 #CS_INTERFACE
      0x02 #Abstract Control Management descr.
      0x00 # no capabilities
    };

    # CDC UNION functional descriptor
    raw {
      0x24 #CS_INTERFACE
      0x06 #union functional descriptor
      0x00 # interface# for comm class interface
      0x01 # interface# for data class interface
    };
  }

  endpoints
  # no need for double-buf, put
  # this one last.
  interrupt in 7 packet-size 64
  polling-interval 1
  ;
}

#
# Interface 1 is the (only) data interface; it is
# used for transmitting data frames.
#
interface 1
{
  class 0x0A          #data class
  subclass 0x00      #none
  protocol 0x00      #none
  name S_RNDISDATA  # string
  endpoints

```

```
        bulk out
        bulk in
        ;
    }
};
```

The protocol library will create one Protocol Instance for each supported Virtual Ethernet interface that it finds in the descriptor set. If a Virtual Ethernet interface appears in multiple configurations, then the protocol library will create multiple instances, one for each configuration.

The Protocol Instance code performs all command set decoding, however it contains no code that actually knows how to read and write data blocks. It also requires assistance for obtaining this from MSC. For this purpose, the system integrator must provide client code. This is discussed in the next section.

Finally, the USB DataPump must be instructed to include Virtual Ethernet Protocol support in the code being built. This is done using the application initialization vector. See [Section 2.1](#).

### 1.2.2 Client Instance Initialization

Client's code dynamically locates Protocol instances using the USB DataPump object dictionary. When the DataPump is initialized, the modules will create protocol instances, and will give those names.

After the DataPump has been initialized, the target operating system must discover the available Virtual Ethernet instances, and must create client instances. Each client instance registers with a protocol instance. All communications from Client to Protocol are accomplished using a downcall I/O-control mechanism, known as an **IOCTL**, defined by the DataPump and implemented by the Protocol (see [Section 4](#)). When a function in the Client needs to access a service in the Protocol, then a call is made to the IOCTL mechanism supplied with the appropriate service code.

Since USB device firmware is controlled by the host PC, there is a need for asynchronous communication from the Protocol Instance to the Client Instance. Communications from Protocol to Client are accomplished using an upcall IO-control mechanism, known as an **Edge-IOCTL**. The IOCTLs are defined by the DataPump and are routed by the DataPump to a function supplied by the Client during the initialization process (see [Section 2.3](#)). When a function in the Protocol needs to access a service in the Client, then a call is made to the Edge-IOCTL mechanism supplied with the appropriate service code.

During initialization, the Client will receive control from the platform startup code. The Client is then responsible for enumerating and initializing all instances of the Protocol by repeatedly calling

```
    UsbPumpObject_EnumerateMatchingNames (
        ...,
        USBPUMP_OBJECT_NAME_ENUM_VETHER,
        ...)
```

Each time the function returns a non-NULL pointer to a Protocol `USBPUMP_OBJECT_HEADER`, the Client code must

- Create a matching client instance, with an accompanying `USBPUMP_OBJECT_HEADER` to represent the Client Instance to the DataPump
-

- Call `UsbPumpObject_Init()` to initialize the Client Instance `USBPUMP_OBJECT_HEADER` and bind it to the Edge-IOCTL function provided by the Client.
- Call `UsbPumpObject_FunctionOpen()` to open the Protocol object and bind it to the Client Instance object. The `USBPUMP_OBJECT_HEADER` pointer returned by the call is the reference that the Client Instance will use to access the Protocol Instance thru the IOCTL mechanism.

Applications wishing to make use of the Protocol library should -

- include the header file `ufnapivether.h` and `usbioctl_vether.h`
- link with library `protovether`

## 2 Data Structures

Several data structures are involved in initializing and running the Protocol. The ones that are of interest for the Client are listed below.

### 2.1 USBPUMP\_PROTOCOL\_INIT\_NODE

This structure is part of the USB\_DATAPUMP\_APPLICATION\_INIT\_VECTOR\_HDR that the Client passes to the DataPump init function. The macro USBPUMP\_PROTOCOL\_INIT\_NODE\_INIT\_V2 is preferably used to initialize the structure since this provides backward compatibility with future releases of the DataPump.

This structure is used by the enumerator to match the Protocol against the device, configuration and interface descriptors when locating interfaces to use for the Protocol, and to bind init functions to the Protocol. The fields of interest to the Client are:

sDeviceClass:	Normally -1 – allows matching to any device class.
sDeviceSubClass:	Normally -1 – allows matching to any device subclass
sDeviceProtocol:	Normally -1 – allows matching to any device protocol
sInterfaceClass:	USB_bInterfaceClass_MassStorage??
sInterfaceSubClass:	USB_bInterfaceSubClass_MassStorageATAPI??
sInterfaceProtocol:	Normally -1 – allows matching no matter what bInterfaceProtocol is used
sConfigurationValue:	Normally -1 – allows matching no matter what bConfigurationValue was used in the configuration descriptor
sInterfaceNumber:	Normally -1 – allows matching no matter what bInterfaceNumber is on the interface.
sAlternateSetting:	Normally -1 – allows matching no matter what bAlternateSetting is on the interface
sSpeed:	Always -1 (Reserved for future use)
uProbeFlags	Flags that control the probing of multiple instances.
pProbeFunction:	Optional pointer to USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_PROBE_FN function. If this function is available and returns FALSE then the pCreateFunction function will not be called prohibiting the creation of the protocol instance.



pCreateFunction:	Normally CdcSubClass_Ethernet_ProtocolCreate – this function will create the appropriate set of protocol objects to implement the appropriate class-level behavior.
pQualifyAddInterfaceFunction	Pointer to USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_QUALIFY_ADD_INTERFACE_FN function. Optional add-instance qualifier function. If this function is available and return TRUE then pAddInterfaceFunction will be called to add the interface.
pAddInterfaceFunction	Pointer to USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_ADD_INTERFACE_FN function. Optional function for adding instance.
pOptionalInfo:	Pointer to UPROTO_CDCCSUBCLASS_xxx_CONFIG structure (see <a href="#">Section 2.2</a> )

## 2.2 UPROTO\_MSCSUBCLASS\_ATAPI\_CONFIG?? MSC

This structure is pointed to by the USBPUMP\_PROTOCOL\_INIT\_NODE. The macro USBPUMP\_PROTOCOL\_INIT\_NODE\_INIT\_V2 is preferably used to initialize the structure since this provides backward compatibility with future releases of the Protocol.

This structure is used to configure the Protocol. The fields of interest to the Client are:

sDeviceClass:	Normally –1 – allows matching to any device class.
sDeviceSubClass:	Normally –1 – allows matching to any device subclass
sDeviceProtocol:	Normally –1 – allows matching to any device protocol
sInterfaceClass:	USB_bInterfaceClass_MassStorage
sInterfaceSubClass:	USB_bInterfaceSubClass_MassStorageATAPI
sInterfaceProtocol:	Normally –1 – allows matching no matter what bInterfaceProtocol is used
sConfigurationValue:	Normally –1 – allows matching no matter what bConfigurationValue was used in the configuration descriptor
sInterfaceNumber:	Normally –1 – allows matching no matter what bInterfaceNumber is on the interface.
sAlternateSetting:	Normally –1 – allows matching no matter what bAlternateSetting is on the interface
sSpeed:	Always –1 (Reserved for future use)

uProbeFlags	Flags that control the probing of multiple instances.
pProbeFunction:	Optional pointer to USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_PROBE_FN function. If this function is available and returns FALSE then the pCreateFunction function will not be called prohibiting the creation of the protocol instance.
pCreateFunction:	Normally CdcSubClass_Ethernet_ProtocolCreate – this function will create the appropriate set of protocol objects to implement the appropriate class-level behavior.
pQualifyAddInterfaceFunction	Pointer to USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_QUALIFY_ADD_INTERFACE_FN function. Optional add-instance qualifier function. If this function is available and return TRUE then pAddInterfaceFunction will be called to add the interface.
pAddInterfaceFunction	Pointer to USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_ADD_INTERFACE_FN function. Optional function for adding instance.
pOptionalInfo:	Pointer to UPROTO_CDCCSUBCLASS_xxx_CONFIG structure

[https://support.mcci.com/customer/flax/fennec/files/firmware/V3\\_16a-20160204a/\usbkern\arch\ft32\os\none\soc\ft900\app\ft900dci\\_rndiseth\ft900dci\\_rndiseth\\_tables.c](https://support.mcci.com/customer/flax/fennec/files/firmware/V3_16a-20160204a/\usbkern\arch\ft32\os\none\soc\ft900\app\ft900dci_rndiseth\ft900dci_rndiseth_tables.c)

```
CONST USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_INIT_NODE InitNodes[] = \
{
    \
    USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_INIT_NODE_INIT_V2( \
        / dev class, subclass, proto / -1, -1, -1, \
        / ifc class / USB_bInterfaceClass_Comm, \
        / subclass / USB_bInterfaceSubClass_CommACM, \
        / proto / 0xFF, \
        / cfg, ifc, altset / -1, -1, -1, \
        / speed / -1, \
        / probe flags / USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_INIT_FLAG_AUTO_ADD, \
        / probe / UsbPumpProtoAbstractNicCdcRdis_ProtocolProbe,\
        / create / UsbPumpProtoAbstractNicCdcRdis_ProtocolCreate,\
        / qualifyAddInterface / NULL, \
        / addInterface / UsbPumpProtoAbstractNic_AddDataInterface, \
        / optional info / (VOID *) &AbstractNicCdcRdisConfig \
    ) \
};
```

## 2.3 USB\_DATAPUMP\_APPLICATION\_INIT\_VECTOR

This structure is pointed to by the USB\_DATAPUMP\_APPLICATION\_INIT\_VECTOR\_HDR. The macro USB\_DATAPUMP\_APPLICATION\_INIT\_VECTOR\_INIT\_V1 is preferably used to initialize using the structure since this provides backward compatibility with future releases of the Protocol.

UsbPortIndex:	The port index is used for matching up an application with a port. You might not have a symmetrical application -- each USB port might have a different function. Therefore, we allow you to replicate entries for each USB port. An entry of -1 is a wildcard.
---------------	---

pDescriptorTable:	Pointer to this applications descriptor table. The name of the descriptor table is given by the USB Resource file being used
pDeviceInitFunction:	Pointer to this applications descriptor table init function. The name of the init function is given by the USB Resource file being used
sizeof_Udevice:	Size of the device structure for this application. The name of the device structure is given by the USB Resource file being used
DebugFlags	The recommended debug flags
pAppProbeFunction:	The application probe function, if present, is called prior to initializing the device, so that it can decide whether or not to init.
pAppInitFunction:	Usually <code>UsbPump_GenericApplicationInit_Protocols</code>
pOptionalAppInfo:	Pointer to optional <code>USBPUMP_PROTOCOL_INIT_NODE_VECTOR</code>

## 2.4 USB\_DATAPUMP\_APPLICATION\_INIT\_VECTOR\_HDR

This structure is used as input to the DataPump OS-specific init function. It is preferably initialized using the macro `USB_DATAPUMP_APPLICATION_INIT_VECTOR_HDR_INIT_V1` since this provides backward compatibility with future releases of the Protocol.

VectorName:	Name of <code>USB_DATAPUMP_APPLICATION_INIT_VECTOR</code> structure
pSetup:	The setup function is called so that the application can do some "pre-setup", including prompting for other things to do. It is optional. The result is passed (unchanged) to all the probe and setup functions.
pFinish:	The finish function is called so that the application can do some "post-setup", including prompting for other things to do. It is optional.

## 3 Edge-IOCTL (Upcall) services

The following section describes the services, the Client must provide to the Protocol through the Edge- IOCTL function given when initializing the Client object using `UsbPumpObject_Init()` (see [Section 1.2.2](#)).

The Client shall return `USBPUMP_IOCTL_RESULT_SUCCESS` if it accepts the Edge-IOCTL, and `USBPUMP_IOCTL_RESULT_NOT_CLAIMED` if it doesn't.

### 3.1 Edge IOCTL Function

```
Type name :      USBPUMP_OBJECT_IOCTL_FN

Prototype :      USBPUMP_IOCTL_RESULT  OsNone_Ft900_Platform_Ioctl(

                UPLATFORM *      pPlatform,      /* Pointer to Plaform object */

                USBPUMP_IOCTL_CODE  Ioctl,        /* IOCTL code */

                CONST VOID *      pInParam,      /* Pointer to In parameter */

                VOID *            pOutParam      /* Pointer to Out parameter */

                );

Header-file :  osnone_ft900_datapump.h
```

### 3.2 Generic Edge IOCTLS

#### 3.2.1 Edge Activate

IOCTL code	USBPUMP_IOCTL_EDGE_ACTIVATE
In parameter structure	CONST USBPUMP_IOCTL_EDGE_ACTIVATE_ARG *
Field pObject	Pointer to lower-level UPROTO object header
Field pClientContext	Context handle supplied by the client when it is connected to the lower-level UPROTO object
Out parameter	USBPUMP_IOCTL_EDGE_ACTIVATE_ARG *
Field fReject	If set TRUE, then the Client would like the Protocol to reject the

request, if possible.

Note that fReject is an advisory indication, which may be used to flag to the Protocol that the Client cannot actually operate the data streams at this time. Because of hardware or protocol limitations, this might or might not be honored by the lower layers.

Field is initialized to FALSE by Protocol.

Description	This IOCTL is sent from Protocol to Client whenever the host does something that brings up the logical function. Note that this may be sent when there are no data-channels ready yet. This merely means that the control interface of the function has been configured and is ready to transfer data.
Note	The out parameter is initialized by the Protocol with the same values as the in parameter

### 3.2.2 Edge Deactivate

IOCTL code	USBPUMP_IOCTL_EDGE_DEACTIVATE
In parameter structure	CONST USBPUMP_IOCTL_EDGE_DEACTIVATE_ARG *
Field pObject	Pointer to lower-level UPROTO object header
Field pClientContext	Context handle supplied by client when it is connected to the lower-level UPROTO object
Out parameter	NULL
Description	The Protocol issues this IOCTL whenever a (protocol-specific) event occurs that deactivates the function. Unlike the ACTIVATE call, the Client has no way to attempt to reject this call. The USB host might have issued a reset -- there's no way to prevent, in general, deactivation.

### 3.2.3 Edge Bus Event

IOCTL code	USBPUMP_IOCTL_EDGE_BUS_EVENT
In parameter structure	CONST USBPUMP_IOCTL_EDGE_BUS_EVENT_ARG *
Field pObject	Pointer to lower-level UPROTO object header
Field pClientContext	Context handle supplied by the client when it is connected to

	the lower-level UPROTO object
Field EventCode	Instance of UEVENT. The type of event that occurred. This will be one of UEVENT_SUSPEND, UEVENT_RESUME, UEVENT_ATTACH, UEVENT_DETACH, or UEVENT_RESET. [UEVENT_RESET is actually redundant; it will also cause a deactivate event; however this hook may be useful for apps that wish to model the USB state.]
Field pEventSpecificInfo	The event-specific information accompanying the UEVENT. Pointer to a Client specific event info. See "ueventnode.h" for details.
Field fRemoteWakeupEnable	Set TRUE if remote-wakeup is enabled.
Out parameter	NULL
Description	Whenever a significant bus event occurs, the Protocol will arrange for this IOCTL to be made to the Client (OS-specific driver). Any events that actually change the state of the Protocol will also cause the appropriate Edge-IOCTL to be performed; SUSPEND and RESUME don't actually change the state of the Protocol (according to the USB core spec).

## 4 Other Considerations

[USBDCETHER]/[USBVETHER] requires that USB Virtual Ethernet devices have unique serial (IEEE802.2 MAC address) numbers of a specific format. The USB DataPump has complete support for serial numbers, but some platform-specific code is needed to actually provide the serial number to the DataPump.

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## Appendix A – References

### Document References

[AN 402 MCCI USB DataPump UserGuide](#)

[AN 400 MCCI USB Resource Compiler UserGuide](#)

Remote Network Driver Interface Specification (RNDIS) Protocol Specification. This specification is available at [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee524902\(prot.10\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee524902(prot.10).aspx)

Universal Serial Bus Specification, version 2.0/3.0 (also referred to as the USB Specification). This specification is available on the World Wide Web site <http://www.usb.org>

Universal Serial Bus CDC Ethernet Class Specification Overview, version 1.2. This specification is available at <http://www.usb.org/developers/devclass>

“Windows Hardware and Driver Central, USB Storage FAQ”. This document is available at <http://www.microsoft.com/whdc/connect/USB/default.mspx>

### Acronyms and Abbreviations

Terms	Description
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USB-IF	USB Implementer’s Forum, the consortium that owns the USB specification, and which governs the development of device classes
USBRC	MCCI’s USB Resource Compiler, a tool that converts a high-level description of a device’s descriptors into the data and code needed to realize that device with the MCCI USB DataPump.

## **Appendix B – List of Tables & Figures**

### **List of Tables**

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## Appendix C – Revision History

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